

# Surviving Sepsis Campaign®

## SURVIVING SEPSIS CAMPAIGN INTERNATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SEPTIC SHOCK AND SEPSIS-ASSOCIATED ORGAN DYSFUNCTION IN CHILDREN

### ENDOCRINE & METABOLIC RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE

RECOMMENDATION #46	STRENGTH & QUALITY OF EVIDENCE
We <b>recommend against</b> insulin therapy to maintain a blood glucose target at or below 140mg/dL (7.8 mmol/L).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Strong</li><li>• Moderate-Quality of Evidence</li></ul>
RECOMMENDATION #47	STRENGTH & QUALITY OF EVIDENCE
We were <b>unable to issue a recommendation</b> regarding what blood glucose range to target for children with septic shock or other sepsis-associated organ dysfunction. However, <b>in our practice</b> , there was consensus to target blood glucose levels below 180mg/dL (10 mmol/L) but there was not consensus about the lower limit of the target range.	<p>Insufficient</p> <p>In Our Practice</p>
RECOMMENDATION #48	STRENGTH & QUALITY OF EVIDENCE
We were <b>unable to issue a recommendation</b> as to whether to target normal blood calcium levels in children with septic shock or sepsis-associated organ dysfunction. However, <b>in our practice</b> , we often target normal calcium levels for children with septic shock requiring vasoactive infusion support.	<p>Insufficient</p> <p>In Our Practice</p>

## RECOMMENDATION #49

We **suggest against** the routine use of levothyroxine in children with septic shock and other sepsis-associated organ dysfunction in a sick euthyroid state.

## STRENGTH & QUALITY OF EVIDENCE

- Weak
- Low-Quality of Evidence

## RECOMMENDATION #50

We **suggest** either antipyretic therapy or a permissive approach to fever in children with septic shock or other sepsis-associated organ dysfunction.

## STRENGTH & QUALITY OF EVIDENCE

- Weak
- Moderate-Quality of Evidence

